1. Identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product Identity Zoff Wipes
Alternate Names Zoff Wipes

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use Skin Preparation

Application Method See Technical Data Sheet.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Name Smith & Nephew

970 Lake Carillon Drive, Suite 110

St. Petersburg, FL 33716

Emergency

Customer Service: Smith & Nephew 1-800-876-1261

2. Hazard(s) identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Flam. Liq. 2;H225 Highly Flammable liquid and vapor. Eye Irrit. 2;H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

STOT SE 3;H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

2.2. Label elements

Using the Toxicity Data listed in section 11 and 12 the product is labeled as follows.



Danger

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

[Prevention]:

P210 Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames / hot surfaces - No smoking.

P235 Keep cool.

P240 Ground / bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical / ventilating / light / equipment.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P261 Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapors / spray.

P262 Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.

[Response]:

P301+310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor / physician.

P303+361+353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove / Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water / shower.

P304+312 IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor / physician if you feel unwell.

P305+351+338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do - continue rinsing.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P337+313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice / attention.

P340 Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P370+378 In case of fire: Use extinguishing media listed in section 5 of SDS for extinction.

[Storage]:

P403+233 Store in a well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

[Disposal]:

P501 Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local / national regulations.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

This product contains the following substances that present a hazard within the meaning of the relevant State and Federal Hazardous Substances regulations.

Ingredient/Chemical Designations	Weight %	GHS Classification	Notes
Isopropyl Alcohol CAS Number: 0000067-63-0	25 - 50	Flam. Liq. 2;H225 Eye Irrit. 2;H319 STOT SE 3;H336	[1][2]
Hydrotreated heavy naphtha (petroleum) CAS Number: 0064742-48-9	25 - 50	Asp. Tox. 1;H304	[1]
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol CAS Number: 0034590-94-8	25 - 50	Not Classified	[1][2]

In accordance with paragraph (i) of §1910.1200, the specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard.
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit.
- [3] PBT-substance or vPvB-substance.

^{*}The full texts of the phrases are shown in Section 16.

4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air, keep patient warm and at rest. If breathing is irregular or stopped, give

artificial respiration. If unconscious place in the recovery position and obtain immediate

medical attention. Give nothing by mouth.

Eyes Irrigate copiously with clean water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart and

seek medical attention.

Skin Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use a

recognized skin cleanser.

Ingestion If swallowed obtain immediate medical attention. Keep at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Overview POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

Eye Contact: May cause tearing, stinging, redness, irritation, and burns.

Inhalation: Irritating to respiratory tract. Prolonged or repeated breathing of very high vapor concentrations cause euphoria, excitation, and dizziness, headaches, nausea, and vomiting, abdominal pain, fatigue, muscular weakness. Aspiration into the lungs can cause CNS (central nervous system) and subsequent aspiration into the lungs can cause pulmonary edema and chemical pneumonia depression. Chronic overexposure in high concentrations may produce CNS depression.

Ingestion: Irritation of the mouth, esophagus, and stomach can develop following ingestion. Symptoms include burning of the mouth, sore throat, vomiting, nausea, dizziness, loss of consciousness. Due to its light viscosity, there is danger of aspiration into

the lungs during vomiting. Aspiration can result in severe lung damage or death.

Skin Contact: Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause moderate to severe irritation including itching and redness of the skin, defatting, and/or dermatitis. This product can also be absorbed through the skin and produce CNS symptoms. Single prolonged exposure is not likely to result in the product being absorbed through the skin in harmful amounts. **Signs And Symptoms Of Exposure:** Eye irritation, respiratory irritation, drying and cracking of skin, dizziness, fatigue, headache, unconsciousness or asphyxiation. Chronic effects of ingestion and subsequent aspiration into the lungs can cause pneumatocele (lung cavity) formation and chronic lung dysfunction. Repeated breathing of vapors can

Exposure to solvent vapor concentrations from the component solvents in excess of the stated occupational exposure limits may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms include headache, nausea, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dryness, irritation and possible non-allergic contact dermatitis. Solvents may also be absorbed through the skin. Splashes of liquid in the eyes may cause irritation and soreness with possible reversible damage.

See section 2 for further details.

cause effects to liver and kidneys.

Inhalation May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Eyes Causes serious eye irritation.

5. Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Water spray, carbon dioxide, dry chemical foam.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous decomposition: High temperatures and fires may produce such toxic substances as carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames / hot surfaces - No smoking.

Keep cool.

Ground / bond container and receiving equipment.

Use explosion-proof electrical / ventilating / light / equipment.

Use only non-sparking tools.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapors / spray.

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus and protective clothing should be worn.

Do not release runoff from fire control methods to sewers or waterways.

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6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow spills to enter drains or waterways.

Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate ignition sources. Stop source of spill. Pump spilled liquid into clean container.

7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid prolonged skin contact. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not get into eyes. Do not swallow.

See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]:

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Handle containers carefully to prevent damage and spillage.

Incompatible materials: Strong acids, alkalis, and oxidizers such as liquid chlorine, halogens, hydrogen peroxide, oxygen.

Store in a cool, well-ventilated area away from sources of heat, sparks, flames, and strong oxidizing agents.

See section 2 for further details. - [Storage]:

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

8. Exposure controls and personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value
0		OSHA	TWA 400 ppm (980 mg/m ³)STEL 500 ppm
		ACGIH	TWA: 200 ppm STEL: 400 ppm Revised 2003,
		NIOSH	TWA 400 ppm (980 mg/m ³) ST 500 ppm (1225 mg/m ³)
		Supplier	No Established Limit
0034590-94- (2-methoxymethylethoxy)propar		OSHA	TWA 100 ppm (600 mg/m ³) [skin]
8		ACGIH	TWA: 100 ppm STEL: 150 ppm Skin
		NIOSH	TWA 100 ppm (600 mg/m ³) ST 150 ppm (900 mg/m ³) [skin]
		Supplier	No Established Limit
0064742-48- 9 Hydrotreated heavy n (petroleum)	Hydrotreated heavy naphtha	OSHA	No Established Limit
	(petroleum)	ACGIH	No Established Limit
		NIOSH	No Established Limit
		Supplier	No Established Limit

Carcinogen Data

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value
0000067- Isopropyl Alcohol		OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No
63-0	NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No	
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: Yes; Group 4: No;
		OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No
94-8 methoxymethylethoxy)propanol	NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No	
	IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;	
40.0 (notroloum)	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No	
	(petroleum)	NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;

8.2. Exposure controls

RespiratoryNone required for normal use.EyesNone required for normal use.SkinNone required for normal use.

Engineering Controls Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable this should be achieved by the

use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and any vapor below occupational exposure limits

suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]:

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance Clear, Colorless Liquid

Odor Fruity

Odor threshold

pH

Not determined

Not determined

Melting point / freezing point

Not determined

Initial boiling point and boiling range

76°C / 169°F

Flash Point

63°F / 17°C

Evaporation rate (Ether = 1) 1.149 (nBuAc = 1) **Flammability (solid, gas)** Not Applicable

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Lower Explosive Limit: Not determined

Upper Explosive Limit: Not determined

Vapor pressure (Pa)10 mmHg @ 20°CVapor DensityNot determined

Specific Gravity 0.81 @ 25°C ($H_2O = 1$)

Solubility in Water Partly Miscible
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow) Not Measured
Auto-ignition temperature Not determined
Decomposition temperature Not available
Viscosity (cSt) Not determined
VOC Content Not available
Refractive Index 1.403 @ 25°C

9.2. Other information

No other relevant information.

10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Hazardous Polymerization will not occur.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal circumstances.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Strong oxidizers, heat, ignition sources

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids, alkalis, and oxidizers such as liquid chlorine, halogens, hydrogen peroxide, oxygen.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

High temperatures and fires may produce such toxic substances as carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Exposure to solvent vapor concentrations from the component solvents in excess of the stated occupational exposure limits may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms include headache, nausea, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dryness, irritation and possible non-allergic contact dermatitis. Solvents may also be absorbed through the skin. Splashes of liquid in the eyes may cause irritation and soreness with possible reversible damage.

Ingredient	Oral LD50, mg/kg	Skin LD50, mg/kg	Inhalation Vapor LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Dust/Mist LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Gas LC50, ppm
Isopropyl Alcohol - (67-63-0)	4,710.00, Rat - Category: 5	12,800.00, Rat - Category: NA	72.60, Rat - Category: NA	No data available	No data available
Hydrotreated heavy naphtha (petroleum) - (64742-48-9)	5,000.00, Rat - Category: 5	3,160.00, Rabbit - Category: 5	No data available	No data available	No data available
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol - (34590- 94-8)	3,500.00, Rat - Category: 5	19,000.00, Rabbit - Category: NA	No data available	No data available	No data available

Note: When no route specific LD50 data is available for an acute toxin, the converted acute toxicity point estimate was used in the calculation of the product's ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimate).

Classification	Category	Hazard Description
Acute toxicity (oral)		Not Applicable
Acute toxicity (dermal)		Not Applicable
Acute toxicity (inhalation)		Not Applicable
Skin corrosion/irritation		Not Applicable
Serious eye damage/irritation	2	Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory sensitization		Not Applicable
Skin sensitization		Not Applicable
Germ cell mutagenicity		Not Applicable
Carcinogenicity		Not Applicable
Reproductive toxicity		Not Applicable
STOT-single exposure	3	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
STOT-single exposure		Not Applicable
STOT-repeated exposure		Not Applicable
Aspiration hazard		Not Applicable

12. Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Toxic to aquatic life

Aquatic Ecotoxicity

Ingredient	96 hr LC50 fish, mg/l	48 hr EC50 crustacea, mg/l	ErC50 algae, mg/l
Isopropyl Alcohol - (67-63-0)	1,400.00, Lepomis macrochirus	100.00, Daphnia magna	100.00 (72 hr), Scenedesmus subspicatus
Hydrotreated heavy naphtha (petroleum) - (64742-48-9)	2,200.00, Pimephales promelas	2.60, Chaetogammarus marinus	Not Available
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol - (34590-94-8)	10,000.00, Pimephales promelas	1,919.00, Daphnia magna	969.00 (72 hr), Algae

12.2. Persistence and degradability

There is no data available on the preparation itself.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Not Measured

12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This product contains no PBT/vPvB chemicals.

12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Observe all federal, state and local regulations when disposing of this substance.

14. Transport information

Not Subject to Regulations Per:

Air: IATA Special Provision A46

Ground: 49 CFR 172.102 Special Provision 47

Ocean: **IMDG Special Provision 216**

DOT (Domestic Surface IMO / IMDG (Ocean ICAO/IATA Transportation) **Transportation**) 14.1. UN number UN3175 UN3175 UN3175 14.2. UN proper UN3175, Solids containing Solids containing flammable Solids containing flammable shipping name flammable liquid, n.o.s., (Isopropyl liquid, n.o.s., (Isopropyl liquid, n.o.s., (Isopropyl Alcohol), 4.1, II Alcohol) Alcohol) **DOT Hazard Class: 4.1 IMDG: 4.1** Air Class: 4.1

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

14.4. Packing group

14.5. Environmental hazards

IMDG Marine Pollutant: No

14.6. Special precautions for user

No further information

Sub Class: Not Applicable Ш

15. Regulatory information

Regulatory Overview The regulatory data in Section 15 is not intended to be all-inclusive, only selected

regulations are represented.

Toxic Substance

All components of this material are either listed or exempt from listing on the TSCA

Control Act (TSCA) Inventory. WHMIS Classification B2 D2B

US EPA Tier II Hazards Fire: Yes

Sudden Release of Pressure: No

Reactive: No

Immediate (Acute): Yes Delayed (Chronic): No

EPCRA 311/312 Chemicals and RQs:

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

EPCRA 302 Extremely Hazardous:

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

EPCRA 313 Toxic Chemicals:

(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol

Isopropyl Alcohol

Proposition 65 - Carcinogens (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxins (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Proposition 65 - Female Repro Toxins (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Proposition 65 - Male Repro Toxins (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

New Jersey RTK Substances (>1%):

(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol

Isopropyl Alcohol

Pennsylvania RTK Substances (>1%):

(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol

Isopropyl Alcohol

16. Other information

The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon data believed to be correct. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, is made with respect to the information contained herein. We accept no responsibility and disclaim all liability for any harmful effects which may be caused by exposure to our products. Customers/users of this product must comply with all applicable health and safety laws, regulations, and orders.

The full text of the phrases appearing in section 3 is:

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

This is the first version in the GHS SDS format. Listings of changes from previous versions in other formats are not applicable.

End of Document