SmithNephew

A route to more effective infection management

Improve patient outcomes¹ with accurate decision making, a fast response and effective treatment choices



Start with the following steps to undertake a comprehensive assessment²

Assess patient, wellbeing and wound A

в Bring in a multi-disciplinary team and informal carers to promote holistic patient assessment С Control and treat the underlying causes and barriers to wound healing

- D Decide appropriate treatment
- E Evaluate and reassess the treatment and wound management outcomes

What clinical signs and symptoms of infection are present?*



TWO-WEEK CHALLENGE

Antimicrobial dressings are recommended to be used for a minimum of two weeks' duration. After two weeks, re-evaluate and either:

- 1. discontinue if signs and symptoms of infection have resolved,
- 2. continue with antimicrobial if wound is progressing but there are still signs and symptoms, or
- 3. consider an alternative antimicrobial and refer to an appropriate specialist if no improvement

* No one sign or symptom can reliably confirm the presence of infection, and those with immunosuppression The one agit of symptom can reasoly commune presence on mechanism and those with minimum suppressing may not exhibit signs and symptoms of clinical infection. + Cleanse wound and periwound skin thoroughly. Should an antiseptic cleanser be selected, the product's Instructions for Use (IFU) and soak time should be followed. + Consider the use of DURAFIBER^o Ag Silver Gelling Fibre Dressing for deep infected wounds.

. Ω Unless iodine contraindicated.

∞ For very-high risk patients and wounds (e.g. osteomyelitis), it may be appropriate to use antimicrobial treatment for longer than the two-week challenge

For detailed product information, including indications for use, contraindications, precautions and warnings, please consult the product's Instructions for Use (IFU).

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