### + Evidence in focus

Incisional negative pressure wound therapy (iNPWT) for reducing the risk of surgical site infection: an up-to-date meta-analysis and trial sequential analysis

# **Smith**Nephew

Groenen H, Jalalzadeh H, Buis DR, et al. eClinical Medicine (part of The Lancet group). 2023;62:102105.

#### **Overview**

- Previously conducted meta-analysis and RCTs for negative pressure wound therapy (NPWT) prevention of SSI are contradictory
  - Adoption of NPWT has been complicated by lack of uniformity in international guidelines
- This study compared NPWT with standard dressings on closed incisional wounds in adult patients undergoing any type of surgery
  - Providing an up-to-date systematic review and meta-analysis



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#### Results



**33% reduced risk** compared to standard of care, RR 0.67



Using trial sequential analysis, the authors concluded that the data was **robust**, whilst demonstrating that future RCTs are **very unlikely** to alter benefit of iNPWT overall in this scenario

## Methodology



57 RCTs



13,744 patients



All surgical specialties\*

\*Abdominal, breast, cardiac, general, obstetric, orthopaedic/trauma, plastic, vascular

## Meta-analysis



Combination of the results from previous studies.

Meta-analysis pools the data and generates confidence intervals

# Trial sequential analysis



Determine robustness of confidence intervals on treatment effect that are generated by meta-analysis

# Industry involvement does not bias outcomes



No significant difference found for SSI outcomes due to industry involvement and/or sponsorship

### No significant difference between -80mmHg and -125mmHg NPWT devices



- -80mmHg: 6.8% of patients developed SSI (RR 0.67)
- -125mmHg: 8.9% of patients developed SSI (RR 0.69)

### Conclusion

This meta-analysis confidently showed that single use iNPWT reduces the risk of SSI irrespective of specific surgical specialties, whilst trial sequential analysis demonstrated the robustness of this evidence. Additionally, no significant differences were observed between -80mmHg and -125mmHg devices.



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**Abbreviations:** iNPWT = incisional negative pressure wound therapy; NPWT = negative pressure wound therapy; SSI = surgical site infection.