# SMITH & NEPHEW (OVERSEAS) LIMITED ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

#### **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**Directors** J.S. Braunhofer

S.M. Swabey (Resigned 4 April 2022) R.S. Gataora (Appointed 4 April 2022)

Company number 681251

Registered office Building 5

Croxley Park Hatters Lane Watford Hertfordshire United Kingdom WD18 8YE

Auditor KPMG LLP

15 Canada Square

London

United Kingdom

E14 5GL

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#### STRATEGIC REPORT

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

The Directors present the strategic report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022.

#### Review of the business

The principal activities of the Smith & Nephew (Overseas) Limited ("the Company") are that of owning rights in the Smith & Nephew brand, through which it receives intra-group brand royalty income, and that of acting as an investment holding company for the overseas trading companies within the Smith & Nephew Group.

The Company's main source of income is from brand royalties and the Company has a trading branch in Taiwan.

There were no changes in the Company's share capital in 2022. In 2021, the Company undertook a capital reduction to reduce the share premium account, amounting to \$1,995,407,000.

The operating profit for the year amounted to \$113,862,000 (2021: \$118,969,000). The profit for the year after taxation was \$109,558,000 (2021: \$110,214,000). The Directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend for the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: \$1,961,176,000).

The results for the year and the financial position at the year end were considered satisfactory by the Directors who expect continued normal trading in the foreseeable future.

#### Principal risks and uncertainties

The principal risks facing the Company are a decrease in the recoverable value of the investments in subsidiary undertakings to below cost value, which would occur if there was a decline in the performance of the underlying subsidiaries, and a reduction in the brand royalties received by the Company.

#### Going concern

The Company has received a letter of support from its parent company, Smith & Nephew plc, indicating that it will receive the financial and other support necessary for the Company to operate and meet its liabilities as and when they become due for a period of at least twelve months from the date of signing of these financial statements.

After making due enquiries and considering the support available from the parent company described above, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operation for at least 12 months from the date of signing of these financial statements. These considerations included the Smith & Nephew Group's directors' assessment of going concern (as set out the Annual Report and Accounts 2022 and available at https://www.smith-nephew.com/en/about-us/corporate-governance). Accordingly, the financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis.

#### S.172 Companies Act 2006 Statement

The Board of Smith & Nephew plc, ultimate parent company of the Company has identified its key stakeholders and in effect also the Group's. It has taken their interests into consideration when making decisions, in accordance with the Directors' section 172 duties of the Companies Act 2006 and the UK Corporate Governance Code 2018. This is noted in detail on pages 112 to 115 within Smith & Nephew Plc's Annual Report and Accounts for the year ended 31 December 2022. As the Company forms part of the Group, the framework adopted by the ultimate parent has been disseminated and applied by the Company as a subsidiary. In addition to this, consideration has been had at the Company specific level. The relevant issues, factors and stakeholders, with whom the Directors have had regard to during the year, are reported in detail on pages 3 to 4.

# STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

On behalf of the Board

J.S. Braunhofer

**Director**Building 5
Croxley Park

Hatters Lane

Watford

Hertfordshire

**WD18 8YE** 

Date: 6 September 2023

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

The Directors of the Company present the Directors' report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022.

#### **Principal activities**

The principal activities of the Company are that of owning rights in the Smith+Nephew brand, through which it receives intra-group brand royalty income, and that of acting as an investment holding company for the overseas trading companies within the Smith & Nephew Group. The Company has a trading branch in Taiwan.

The Company's main source of income is from brand royalties. As a holding company, the Directors do not consider it necessary to disclose Key Performance Indicators.

#### Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 10.

The profit for the year after taxation amounted to \$109,558,000 (2021: \$110,214,000). The Directors do not recommend the payment of dividend during the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: \$1,961,176,000).

#### **Directors**

The Directors, who served throughout the year and to the date of signing the annual report except as noted, were as follows:

J.S. Braunhofer

S.M. Swabey (Resigned 4 April 2022) R.S. Gataora (Appointed 4 April 2022)

#### Indemnity

The Company's ultimate parent company, Smith & Nephew plc, has made qualifying third party indemnity provision for the benefit of the Company's Directors which were in place throughout the year and which remain in place at the date of approval of this report.

#### **Political donations**

No political donations were made during the year (2021: \$nil).

#### Stakeholder Engagement

The Board is aware of an overlap between the Group's key stakeholders and some of the Company's key stakeholders. In those instances, it is felt that the actions driven from Smith & Nephew plc for the Group and its approach to those stakeholders in particular are relevant and therefore should and have been adopted by the Company. This is because in practice, decisions and policies affecting section 172 factors are often taken or made at the group level.

Notwithstanding this, the Board has considered their duties to the Company and its stakeholders. The information below notes the principal stakeholders of the Company and the decisions made by Directors with regard for them.

### DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

#### Suppliers, Customers and Others - Inter Group Companies

The principal stakeholders who are integral to the success of the Company in achieving its purpose are all Smith & Nephew Group companies. The Directors do not therefore consider extensive stakeholder engagement as necessary.

#### Government and Regulators

The Company operates in a heavily regulated industry and it is imperative to the Company that it continues to act within the scope of all applicable laws and regulations which govern its business and operations.

Both the current Directors are familiar with the relevant laws and regulations applicable to the Company and are aware of their duties under the Companies Act 2006.

In addition, as the Directors are employed by the Group, whilst separate from their role as Board members, their induction and knowledge of the business gained as employees add to their abilities and skills as Directors of the Company. It also means they are subject to a comprehensive suite of mandatory training throughout the year including the Group's Code of Conduct and Business Principles, which sets out the legal and ethical principles for the Company in conducting business.

These factors ensure that the Directors have regard to this Group and its effect of such regard is demonstrated by the Company operating within the scope of all applicable laws and regulations which govern its business and operations as well as maintaining a reputation for high standards of business conduct.

#### **Employees**

The Company has no employees.

#### **Future developments**

The Directors do not anticipate any significant change in the activities and results of the Company in the foreseeable future.

#### Going concern statement

Despite current economic uncertainties, the Directors have at the time of approving the financial statements, a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The Directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

#### **Auditor**

Pursuant to section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditor will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG LLP will therefore continue in office.

#### Statement of disclosure to Auditor

The Directors who held office at the date of approval of this Directors' report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and each Director has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken as a director to make himself/ herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

# DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

On behalf of the Board

J.S. Braunhofer

Director

Building 5

Croxley Park

Hatters Lane

Watford

Hertfordshire

WD18 8YE

Date: 6 September 2023

Company Registration No. 681251

# STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 101 *Reduced Disclosure Framework*.

Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- assess the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and
- use the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

#### TO THE MEMBERS OF SMITH & NEPHEW (OVERSEAS) LIMITED

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Smith & Nephew (Overseas) Limited ("the Company") for the year ended 31 December 2022 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, Statement of Comprehensive Income, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Equity and related notes, including the accounting policies in note 1.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2022 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK accounting standards, including FRS 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities are described below. We have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities under, and are independent of the Company in accordance with, UK ethical requirements including the FRC Ethical Standard. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is a sufficient and appropriate basis for our opinion.

#### Going concern

The directors have prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis as they do not intend to liquidate the Company or to cease its operations, and as they have concluded that the Company's financial position means that this is realistic. They have also concluded that there are no material uncertainties that could have cast significant doubt over its ability to continue as a going concern for at least a year from the date of approval of the financial statements ("the going concern period").

In our evaluation of the directors' conclusions, we considered the inherent risks to the Company's business model and analysed how those risks might affect the Company's financial resources or ability to continue operations over the going concern period.

Our conclusions based on this work:

- we consider that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate;
- we have not identified, and concur with the directors' assessment that there is not, a material uncertainty related to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for the going concern period.

However, as we cannot predict all future events or conditions and as subsequent events may result in outcomes that are inconsistent with judgements that were reasonable at the time they were made, the above conclusions are not a guarantee that the Company will continue in operation.

#### Fraud and breaches of laws and regulations - ability to detect

#### Identifying and responding to risks of material misstatement due to fraud

To identify risks of material misstatement due to fraud ("fraud risks") we assessed events or conditions that could indicate an incentive or pressure to commit fraud or provide an opportunity to commit fraud. Our risk assessment procedures included enquiring of directors and inspection of policy documentation as to the Smith & Nephew plc's group policies and procedures to prevent and detect fraud that apply to this group company as well as enquiring whether the directors have knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE MEMBERS OF SMITH & NEPHEW (OVERSEAS) LIMITED

As required by auditing standards, we perform procedures to address the risk of management override of controls, in particular the risk that management may be in a position to make inappropriate accounting entries. On this audit we do not believe there is a fraud risk related to revenue recognition because there are no external revenue transactions. We did not identify any additional fraud risks.

#### We performed procedures including:

Identifying journal entries and other adjustments to test based on risk criteria and comparing the identified entries to supporting documentation. These included entries containing key words, entries made to seldom used accounts unusual debit or credit to cash or borrowings etc.

### Identifying and responding to risks of material misstatement due to non-compliance with laws and regulations

We identified areas of laws and regulations that could reasonably be expected to have a material effect on the financial statements from our general commercial and sector experience and through discussion with the directors (as required by auditing standards), and discussed with the directors the policies and procedures regarding compliance with laws and regulations.

The company is subject to laws and regulations that directly affect the financial statements including financial reporting legislation (including related companies legislation), distributable profits legislation and taxation legislation and we assessed the extent of compliance with these laws and regulations as part of our procedures on the related financial statement items.

This company, as a holding company, is not subject to other laws and regulations where the consequences of non-compliance could have a material effect on amounts or disclosures in the financial statements.

#### Context of the ability of the audit to detect fraud or breaches of law or regulation

Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the financial statements, even though we have properly planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards. For example, the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely the inherently limited procedures required by auditing standards would identify it.

In addition, as with any audit, there remained a higher risk of non-detection of fraud, as these may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls. Our audit procedures are designed to detect material misstatement. We are not responsible for preventing non-compliance or fraud and cannot be expected to detect non-compliance with all laws and regulations.

#### Strategic report and Directors' report

The directors are responsible for the other information, which comprises the strategic report and the directors' report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except as explicitly stated below, any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the strategic report and the directors' report and, in doing so, consider whether, based on our financial statements audit work, the information therein is materially misstated or inconsistent with the financial statements or our audit knowledge. Based solely on that work:

- · we have not identified material misstatements in the strategic report and the directors' report;
- in our opinion the information given in those reports for the financial year is consistent with the financial statements; and
- in our opinion those reports have been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

#### Matter on which we are required to report by exception

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE MEMBERS OF SMITH & NEPHEW (OVERSEAS) LIMITED

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

We have nothing to report in these respects.

#### **Directors' responsibilities**

As explained more fully in their statement set out on page 6, the Directors are responsible for: the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view; such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### **Auditor's responsibilities**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue our opinion in an auditor's report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but does not guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

A fuller description of our responsibilities is provided on the FRC's website at <a href="www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities">www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities</a>.

#### The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Micholas Willis (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor
Chartered Accountants

15 Canada Square London United Kingdom E14 5GL

Date..7 September 2023.....

# PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

	Notes	2022 \$'000	2021 \$'000
Operating income Administrative expenses	2	115,527 (1,665)	120,392 (1,423)
Operating profit	3	113,862	118,969
Investment income Interest income	5 6	20,579 1,317	3,070
Profit before taxation		135,758	122,039
Tax on profit	7	(26,200)	(11,825)
Profit for the financial year		109,558	110,214

The accompanying notes on pages 15 to 31 form part of the financial statements.

# STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

	2022 \$'000	2021 \$'000
Profit for the year	109,558	110,214
Other comprehensive income Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		
Exchange differences on branch reserves	259	(19)
Total items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	259	(19)
Total other comprehensive profit/(loss) for the year	259	(19)
Total comprehensive income for the year	109,817	110,195

The accompanying notes on pages 15 to 31 form part of the financial statements.

# BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2022

	Notes	2022 \$'000	2021 \$'000
Fixed assets		¥ ***	<b>+ 333</b>
Intangible assets	9	44	52
Tangible fixed assets		68	12
Investments	10	5,170,002	5,170,002
		5,170,114	5,170,066
Current assets			
Debtors (including \$179,458,000 (2021:			
\$62,880,000) due after more than one year)	11	182,892	69,895
Taxation	••	-	4,290
Cash at bank and in hand		377	296
		183,269	74,481
Out of the second of the secon		<del></del>	
Creditors: amounts falling due within o	-	7 205	0.466
Trade creditors and other payables Taxation	12	7,205 1,223	9,466
Lease liabilities		29	12
		8,457	9,478
Net current assets		174,812	65,003
Total assets less current liabilities		5,344,926	5,235,069
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year			
Lease liabilities		40	-
Net assets		5,344,886	5,235,069
Conital and recomuse			
Capital and reserves Called up share capital	14	1,660,146	1,660,146
Share premium account	15	2,137,675	2,137,675
Revaluation reserve	16	1,055,033	1,055,033
Profit and loss account		492,032	382,215
		, 	
Total equity		5,344,886	5,235,069

### BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

#### AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2022

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 6 September 2023 Signed on its behalf by:

J.S. Braunhofer

**Director** 

#### Company Registration No. 681251

The accompanying notes on pages 15 to 31 form part of the financial statements.

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

	Share capital \$'000	Share premium account \$'000	Revaluation reserve \$'000	Retained earnings \$'000	Total \$'000
Balance at 1 January 2021	1,660,146	4,133,082	1,055,033	237,789	7,086,050
Profit for the year Other comprehensive loss for the year	-	-	-	110,214 (19)	110,214 (19)
Total comprehensive income for the year Dividends Capital reduction	- - -	(1,995,407)	-	110,195 (1,961,176) 1,995,407	110,195 (1,961,176)
Balance at 31 December 2021	1,660,146	2,137,675	1,055,033	382,215	5,235,069
Profit for the year Other comprehensive profit for the year	-	-	- -	109,558 259	109,558 259
Total comprehensive income for the year	-		-	109,817	109,817
Balance at 31 December 2022	1,660,146	2,137,675	1,055,033	492,032	5,344,886

The accompanying notes on pages 15 to 31 form part of the financial statements.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

#### 1 Accounting policies

Smith & Nephew (Overseas) Limited is a private company limited by shares. The Company is incorporated, domiciled and registered in England in the United Kingdom. The registered number is 681251 and the registered address is Building 5, Croxley Park, Hatters Lane, Watford, Hertfordshire, WD18 8YE. The Company is exempt by virtue of s400 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirement to prepare Group financial statements. These financial statements present information about the Company as an individual undertaking and not about its Group.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements are have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework (FRS 101) and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

In preparing these financial statements, the Company applies the recognition, measurement and disclosure requirements of UK-adopted international accounting standards, but makes amendments where necessary in order to comply with the Companies Act 2006 and has set out below where advantage of the FRS 101 disclosure exemptions has been taken.

The Company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions under FRS 101:

- the requirements of IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures;
- the requirements of paragraphs 91-99 of IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement;
- the requirement in paragraph 38 of IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements' to present comparative information in respect of: (i) paragraph 79(a) (iv) of IAS 1, (ii) paragraph 73(e) of IAS 16 Property Plant and Equipment (iii) paragraph 118 (e) of IAS 38 Intangibles Assets;
- the requirements of paragraphs 10(d), 10(f), 16, 38A to 38D, 39 to 40,111 and 134-136 of IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements;
- the requirements of IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows;
- the requirements of paragraphs 30 and 31 of IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors;
- the requirements of paragraph 17 of IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures;
- the requirements in IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures to disclose related party transactions entered into between two or more members of a group, provided that any subsidiary which is a party to the transaction is wholly owned by such a member; and
- the requirements of paragraphs 134(d)-134(f) and 135(c)-135(e) of IAS 36 Impairment of Assets.

The financial statements are prepared in US Dollar, which is the functional currency of the Company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to nearest thousand, except when otherwise indicated.

Where required, equivalent disclosures are given in the Group accounts of Smith & Nephew plc. The Group accounts of Smith & Nephew plc are available to the public at its registered office at Building 5, Croxley Park, Hatters Lane, Watford, Hertfordshire, WD18 8YE and can also be obtained online via www.smith-nephew.com.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### Adopted IFRS not yet applied

There are no amendments to accounting standards, or IFRIC interpretations that are effective for the year ended 31 December 2022 that have a material impact on the company's financial statements.

#### Going concern

Notwithstanding the current economic uncertainties, the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which the directors consider to be appropriate for the following reasons:

Smith & Nephew plc has indicated its intention to continue to make available funds as needed by the Company for a period of twelve months from the date of approval of the financial statements. Consequently, the directors are confident that the Company will have sufficient funds to continue to meet its liabilities as they fall due for at least twelve months from the date of approval of the financial statements and therefore have prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis.

As with any company placing reliance on other group entities for financial support, the Directors acknowledge that there can be no certainty that this support will continue although, at the date of approval of these financial statements, they have no reason to believe that it will not do so.

#### 1.2 Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less impairment.

#### 1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost and, except for freehold land, are depreciated over their useful economic lives. Freehold and long-leasehold buildings are depreciated on a straight-line basis at between 2% and 5% per annum. Short-leasehold land and buildings (leases of under 50 years) are depreciated by equal annual instalments over the term of the lease. Plant, equipment and vehicles are depreciated over lives ranging between 3 and 20 years by equal annual instalments to write down the assets to their estimated disposal value at the end of their working lives.

The useful lives and residual values of all property, plant and equipment are reviewed each financial year end, and where adjustments are required these are made prospectively.

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is recognised in the profit and loss account.

#### 1.4 Intangible assets

Patents are valued at cost less accumulated amortisation. Amortisation is calculated to write off the cost in equal annual instalments over the useful life of the patent.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### 1.5 Impairment of tangible and intangible assets

At each reporting end date, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment annually, and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried in at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

#### 1.6 Fair value measurement

IFRS 13 establishes a single source of guidance for all fair value measurements. IFRS 13 does not change when an entity is required to use fair value, but rather provides guidance on how to measure fair value under IFRS when fair value is required or permitted. The Company is exempt under FRS 101 from the disclosure requirements of IFRS 13.

#### 1.7 Operating income

Operating income is derived from royalty income and is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, net of discounts, VAT and other sales related taxes.

#### 1.8 Investment income

Investment income is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. It represents dividend income which is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

#### 1.9 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### 1.10 Financial assets

Financial assets are recognised in the Company's balance sheet when the Company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets are classified into specified categories. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of recognition.

Financial assets are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs, other than those classified as fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL), which are measured at fair value.

#### Loans and receivables

Trade Debtors, loans and other receivables that have fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are classified as loans and receivables. Loans and receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

Interest is recognised by applying the effective interest rate, except for short-term receivables when the recognition of interest would be immaterial. The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating the interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the debt instrument to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

#### Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets carried at amortised cost and FVOCI are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date.

The expected credit losses associated with these assets are estimated on a forward-looking basis. A broad range of information is considered when assessing credit risk and measuring expected credit losses, including past events, current conditions, and reasonable and supportable forecasts that affect the expected collectability of the future cash flows of the instrument.

#### Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity.

#### 1.11 Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as either financial liabilities at FVTPL or other financial liabilities.

#### Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities, including borrowings, trade payables and other short-term monetary liabilities, are initially measured at fair value net of transaction costs directly attributable to the issuance of the financial liability. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. For the purposes of each financial liability, interest expense includes initial transaction costs and any premium payable on redemption, as well as any interest or coupon payable while the liability is outstanding.

#### Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when, and only when, the Company's obligations are discharged, cancelled, or they expire.

#### 1.12 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### 1.13 Taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current tax and deferred tax.

#### Current tax

The current income tax expense is based on taxable profits of the period, after any adjustments for the prior periods. It is calculated using taxation rates enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and is measured at the amount expected to be recovered or paid.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements, except where the deferred tax asset or liability arises from the initial recognition of an asset or a liability which affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is regarded as probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which temporary differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

#### 1.14 IFRS 16 Leases

The assessment of whether a contract is or contains a lease takes place at the inception of the contract. The assessment involves whether the Company obtains substantially all the economic benefits from the use of that asset and whether the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset. The Company allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease and non-lease component. The non-lease component, where it is separately identifiable, is not included in the right-of-use asset.

The Company leases many assets including properties, motor vehicles and office equipment. The Company availed itself of the exemptions for short-term leases and leases of low-value items for leases other than those for properties and motor vehicles. The use of these exemptions does not have a material impact.

The Company recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the commencement of the lease. The right-of-use asset is initially measured based on the present value of lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date plus initial direct costs less any incentives received. The lease payments are discounted using an incremental borrowing rate which is country-specific and reflective of the lease term. The right-of-use asset is depreciated over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset. The right-of-use asset is subject to impairment testing if there is an impairment indicator. The right-of-use assets are included in the balance sheet heading 'Tangible fixed assets'.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of lease payments, as outlined above, and is subsequently increased by the interest cost on the lease liability and decreased by lease payments made. The lease liability is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, or as appropriate, changes in the assessment of whether an extension option is reasonably certain to be exercised or a termination option is reasonably certain not to be exercised. The lease liabilities are included in the balance sheet headings 'Obligations under finance leases'.

#### 1.15 Foreign exchange

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date.

#### 1.16 Accounting Estimates

The key accounting estimate surrounds the impairment of intercompany receivables. Any intercompany receivable balances that are deemed irrecoverable will be written off through the Profit and Loss account.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

#### 1 **Accounting policies**

(Continued)

2021

2022

#### 1.17 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported for assets and liabilities as at the reporting date and the amounts reported for revenues and expenses during the year. However, the nature of estimation means that actual outcomes could differ from those estimates. The following judgements have had the most significant effect on amounts recognised in the financial statements.

#### Impairment of non-financial assets

Where there are indicators of impairment of investments in subsidiaries which indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable, the Company performs impairment tests on these investments based on the fair value by comparing the carrying value with its recoverable amount being the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use.

#### 2 **Operating income**

			_					e 11
An anal	/212	of the	Compan	v'e r	neratina	Income	10	as follows:
All allaly	<i>y</i> 313	OI LIIC	Compan	y	poraumq	IIICOIIIC	10	as ioliows.

\$'000	\$'000
115,527	120,392
115,527	120,392
2022 \$'000	2021 \$'000
	•
341	18
8 	8 
	\$'000 115,527 115,527 2022 \$'000

#### **Auditor's remuneration**

Audit fees of \$18,000 (2021: \$16,000) have been borne by a fellow Group company.

#### 5

6

Investment income		
	2022	2021
	\$'000	\$'000
Income from fixed asset investments		
Dividends received	20,579	-
	<del></del>	
Interest income		
	2022	2021
	\$'000	\$'000
Interest receivable from group undertakings	1,317	3,070

Tax on profit		
	2022 \$'000	2021 \$'000
Current tax:	<b>4 555</b>	<b>4 6 6 6</b>
Current year	10,898	8,487
Adjustments in respect of prior years	(87)	(114)
	10,811	8,373
Deferred tax		
Current year	15,437	10,091
Changes in tax rates	355	(5,903)
Adjustment in respect of prior periods	(403)	(736)
	15,389	3,452
Total tax charge	26,200	11,825
J	<del></del>	

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Continued)

#### 7 Tax on profit

The tax charge for the year can be reconciled to the profit per the profit and loss account as follows:

	2022 \$'000	2021 \$'000
Profit before taxation	135,758	122,039
Tax on profit at standard UK tax rate of 19.00% (2021 - 19.00%)	25,794	23,187
	2022 \$'000	2021 \$'000
Adjustment in respect of prior years	(490)	(850)
Effects of group relief / other reliefs	-	(4,984)
Impact of change in tax rate	355	(5,903)
Non-deductible items	4,447	372
Non-taxable income	(3,910)	-
Deemed income for tax purposes	4	3
Total adjustments	406	(11,362)
Tax charge for the year	26,200	11,825

For the year ended 31 December 2022, the corporation tax rate was 19.00% (2021: 19.00%).

The Company has unrecognised capital losses of \$12m gross (\$3m net) available for offset against future profit.

8	Dividends	2022 \$ per share	2021 \$ per share	2022 Total \$'000	2021 Total \$'000
	Amounts recognised as distributions to equity holders:				
	Ordinary shares Dividend paid	-	2.69	-	1,961,176

9	Intangible assets	
	<b>3</b>	Patents and brand royalties \$'000
	Cost	<b>\$</b>
	At 1 January 2021	10,300
	At 31 December 2021	10,300
	At 31 December 2022	10,300
	Amortisation/impairment	
	At 1 January 2021	10,240
	Charge for the year	8
	At 31 December 2021	10,248
	Charge for the year	8
	At 31 December 2022	10,256
	Carrying amount	
	At 31 December 2022	44
	At 31 December 2021	

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

10 Investments	6
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	2022 \$'000	2021 \$'000
Investments in subsidiaries	5,170,002	5,170,002
	5,170,002	5,170,002
Movements in fixed asset investments	2022 \$'000	2021 \$'000
Cost At 1 January	5,170,002	5,170,002
At 31 December	5,170,002	5,170,002
Carrying amount At 31 December	5,170,002 ———	5,170,002

#### 11 Debtors

	Due within one year		Due after one	year
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Other receivables	10	6	-	-
Deferred taxation	-	-	23,344	38,733
Amount due from parent undertaking	-	-	156,114	24,147
Amounts due from fellow group undertakings	3,424	7,009		
	3,434	7,015	179,458	62,880

Amounts due from group undertakings are unsecured with a 60 days credit period from the date of invoicing. Allowance losses on amounts owed by fellow group undertakings are calculated by reviewing 12-month expected credit losses using historic and forward-looking data on credit risk. The loss allowance expense for the year was \$nil (2021: \$nil)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

12	Trade	creditors	and	other	payables
14	Haue	CIEUILOIS	anu	ouiei	payables

2022 \$'000	2021 \$'000
3,150	566
4,055	8,874
<u>-</u>	26
7,205	9,466
	\$'000 3,150 4,055 -

Amounts owed by group undertakings are unsecured and are subject to interest with a 60 days credit period from the date of invoicing.

#### 13 Deferred taxation

The following are the major deferred tax assets recognised by the Company and movements thereon during the current and prior reporting period.

	Tax losses \$'000
Deferred tax asset at 1 January 2021	42,185
Deferred tax movements in prior year	
Charge to the profit and loss	(10,091)
Effect of change in tax rate	5,903
Adjustment in respect of prior periods	736
Deferred tax asset at 1 January 2022	38,733
Deferred tax movements in current year	
(Charge) to profit and loss account	(15,437)
Effect of change in tax rate	(355)
Adjustments in respect of prior periods	403
Deferred tax asset at 31 December 2022	23,344

For the year ended 31 December 2022, the corporation tax rate was 19.00% (2021: 19.00%).

The UK Government announced on 14 October 2022 that the UK corporation tax rate will increase to 25% from 1 April 2023 as already enacted in the UK Finance Act 2021. The impact of this rate change is reflected in the calculation of the taxation charge and the deferred tax asset above.

14	Share capital	2022 \$'000	2021 \$'000
	Ordinary share capital Issued and fully paid		
	764,727,549 (2021: 764,727,549) Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,660,146	1,660,146

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

15	Share premium account	2022 \$'000	2021 \$'000
	Share premium account	2,137,675	2,137,675
		2,137,675	2,137,675

In the current year, there is no capital reduction (2021: \$1,995,407,000 capital reduction).

#### 16 Revaluation reserve

\$'000

At 31 December 2021 & at 31 December 2022

1,055,033

#### 17 Financial commitments, guarantees and contingent liabilities

The Company, together with Smith & Nephew plc and certain fellow subsidiary undertakings, has entered into guarantees with the National Westminster Bank plc in respect of the net overdrafts of the other parties to the guarantee. At 31 December 2022, the maximum exposure under this guarantee amounts to £10 million (2021: £10 million).

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

#### 18 Subsidiaries and other related undertakings

These financial statements are separate company financial statements for Smith & Nephew (Overseas) Limited.

In accordance with Section 409 of the Companies Act 2006, a full list of subsidiaries and related undertakings as at 31 December 2022 is given below.

Company Name	Registered office address	Proportion of ownership interest (%)
ArthroCare Corporation (2)	CT Corporation, 1209 Orange Street, Wilmington, Delaware, 19801, USA	100.00
ArthroCare Costa Rica Srl (2)	Building B32, 50 meters South of Revisión Técnica Vehicular, De Alajuela, San José, Costa Rica	100.00
ArthroCare Medical Devices (Beijing) Co. Limited (2) (in liquidation)	Room 17-021, Internal B17 floor, B3-24th floor, No 3 Xin Yuan South Rd, Chao Yang D., Beijing, China	100.00
Atracsys Sarl (2)	Route du Verney 20, 1070, Puidoux, Switzerland	100.00
Ceterix Orthopaedics, Inc. (2)	CT Corporation, 1209 Orange Street, Wilmington DE 19801, USA	100.00
Bioventus LLC (2)	CT Corporation, 1209 Orange Street, Wilmington, Delaware, 19801, USA	20.31
Blue Belt Technologies, Inc. (2)	CT Corporation, 1515 Market Street, Philadelphia PA 19102, United States	100.00
DC LLC (2)	8/1 Stroiteley Street, 142290, City of Puschino, Moscow Region, Russian Federation	100.00
Leaf Healthcare, Inc. (2)	CT Corporation, 1209 Orange Street, Wilmington, Delaware, 19801, USA	100.00
Miach Orthopaedics (2)	160 Greentree Drive, Suite 101, Dover, Kent, DE 19904, USA	10.09
Orthopaedic Biosystems Ltd., Inc. (2)	CT Corporation System, 3800 North Central Avenue, Suite 460, Phoenix AZ 85012, United States	100.00
Plus Orthopedics (Beijing) Co., Ltd (2)	22 Linhe Avenue, Linhe Economic Development Zone, Shunyi District, Beijing, 101300 China	100.00
Plus Orthopedics Holding AG (2)	Theilerstrasse 1A, 6300, Zug, Switzerland	100.00
Rotation Medical, Inc. (2)	251, Little Falls Drive, Wilmongton, County of New Castle DE 19808, USA	100.00
S&N Holdings SAS (2)	Calle 100 No. 7 - 33 to 1 P3, Bogota D.C., Colombia	100.00
Sinopsys Surgical, Inc. (2)	CT Corporation, 1209 Orange Street, Wilmington, Delaware, 19801, USA	1.44
Smith & Nephew (Europe) B.V. (2)	Bloemlaan 2, 2132NP, Hoofddorp, Netherlands	100.00
Smith & Nephew (Pty) Limited (2)	30 The Boulevard, Westway Office Park, Westville, 3629, South Africa	100.00
Smith & Nephew A/S (2)	Kay Fiskers Plads 9.1.2300. Koberhavn S, Denmark	100.00
Smith & Nephew AG (2)	Theilerstrasse 1A, 6300, Zug, Switzerland	100.00
Smith & Nephew Argentina S.R.L. (1) (2)	Maipu 1300, 13th Floor, City of Buenos Aires, Argentina	100.00
Smith & Nephew AS (2)	Snaroyveien 36, FORNEBU, 1364, Norway	100.00
Smith & Nephew B.V. (2)	Bloemlaan 2, 2132NP, Hoofddorp, Netherlands	100.00

18	Subsidiaries and other related under	rtakings	(Continued)
	Smith & Nephew Beijing Holdings Limited (2)	Unit 813-816, 8/F Delta House, 3 On Yiu Street, Shatin New Terriotories, Hong Kong	100.00
	` '	Friesenweg 30, 22763, Hamburg, Germany	99.98
	• •	Friesenweg 30, 22763, Hamburg, Germany	100.00
	Smith & Nephew China Holdings UK Limited (2)	Building 5, Croxley Park, Hatters Lane, Watford, Hertfordshire, WD18 8YE	100.00
	Smith & Nephew Chusik Hoesia (2)	13th Floor, ASEM Tower, 517 Yeongdong-daero, Seoul, 06164, Korea	100.00
	Smith & Nephew Colombia SAS (2)	Calle 100 No. 7 - 33 to 1 P3, Bogota D.C., Colombia	100.00
	Produtos Medicos LTDA (2)	Av.das Nações Unidas, 4171, Vila Gertrudes, São Paulo, CEP 043794-000, Brazil	100.00
	Smith & Nephew Consolidated, Inc. (2)	Wilmington, Delaware, 19801, USA	100.00
	Smith & Nephew Curacao N.V. (2)	Pietermaai 15, PO Box 4905, Curacao	100.00
	(Holding) GmbH (2)	Friesenweg 30, 22763, Hamburg, Germany	100.00
	Austin Miller Trauma LLC (2)	CT Corporation, 1209 Orange Street, Wilmington, DE 19801, USA	100.00
	Osiris Therapeutics, Inc. (2)	7015 Albert Einstein Dr., Columbia, Howard County MD 21046' USA	100.00
	S&N Orion Prime, S.A. (2)	Rua Pedro Nunes, Instituto Pedro Nunes, Edificio IPN-C, 3030-199, Coimbra, Portugal	100.00
	Serda B.V. (2)	Paasheuvelweg 25, 1105BP, Amsterdam, Netherlands	48.32
	Smith & Nephew France SAS (2)	40 - 52 Boulevard du Parc, 92200, Neuilly-sur- Seine, France	100.00
	Smith & Nephew FZE (2)	Office No. LB02016, PO Box 16993, Jebel Ali, Dubai. United Arab Emirates	100.00
	Smith & Nephew GmbH (2)	Concorde Business Park 1/C/3, 2320, Schwechat, Austria	100.00
	Smith & Nephew GmbH (2)	Friesenweg 30, 22763, Hamburg, Germany	100.00
	Smith & Nephew Healthcare Private Limited (1) (2)	501-B - 509 B Dynasty Business Park, Andheri Kurla Road, Andheri East, Mumbai-59, Maharashtra, India	100.00
	Smith & Nephew Healthcare Sdn. Berhad (2)	Level 25, Menara Hong Leong, 6 Jalan Damanlela, Bukit Damansara, KL, W.P., 50490, Malaysia	100.00
	Smith & Nephew Inc. (2)	199, Bay Street, 4000 Toronto On M5L 1A9, Canada	100.00
	Smith & Nephew International S.A (2)	1A, Rue Jean Piret, L-2350, Luxembourg	100.00
	Smith & Nephew KK (2)	2-4-1, Shiba -Koen, Minato -Ku, Tokyo 105-0011, Japan	100.00
	Smith & Nephew Lda (2)	Rua do Parque Tejo, 7, 7-A and 7-B, 2625-437 Povoa de Santa Iria, Portugal	100.00
	Smith & Nephew Limited (1) (2)	16th Floor Building A, 9th Tower Grand Rama 9, 33/4 Rama 9 Rd, Bangkok, 10310., Thailand	100.00
	Smith & Nephew Limited (2)	Unit 813-816, 8/F Delta House, 3 On Yiu Street, Shatin, Hong Kong	100.00
	Smith & Nephew Limited (2)	621 Rosebank Road, Avondale, Auckland, 1026, New Zealand	100.00

18	Subsidiaries and other related undertakings		
	Smith & Nephew LLC (2)	2nd Syromyatnichesky Lane 1, 9th Floor, Premises 1, Room 1, 105120, Moscow, Russian Federation	100.00
	Smith & Nephew Manufacturing AG (2)	Schachenallee 29, 5000, Aarau, Switzerland	100.00
	Smith & Nephew Medical (Shanghai) Limited (2)	4th Floor, General Factory Building, No 188 Ao Na Rd, Shanghai Free Trade Test Zone, Shanghai, China	100.00
	Smith & Nephew Medical (Suzhou) Limited (2)	12, Wuxiang Road, West Area of Comprehensive Bonded Zone, Suzhou Ind Park, Jiangsu Province, China	100.00
	Smith & Nephew N.VS.A (2)	Ikaroslaan 45, Gebouw D, 1930 Zaventem, Belgium	100.00
	Smith & Nephew Nederland CV (2) Smith & Nephew Operations B.V. (2) Smith & Nephew Operations Sdn. Bhd (2)	Bloemlaan 2, 2132NP, Hoofddorp Netherlands Bloemlaan 2, 2132NP, Hoofddorp Netherlands	100.00 100.00 100.00
	Smith & Nephew Orthopaedics AG (2)	Theilerstrasse 1A, 6300, Zug, Switzerland	100.00
		Alemannenstrasse 14, 78532 Tuttlingen, Germany	100.00
	Smith & Nephew Orthopaedics (Beijing) Co. Ltd (2)	No. 98 Kechuang Dongliujie, Beijing Economic and Technical Development Area, Beijing, China	100.00
	Smith & Nephew Oy (2)	Lentäjäntie 1, 01510 Vantaa, Finland	100.00
	(Proprietary) Ltd (2)	30 The Boulevard, Westway Office Park, Westville, 3629, South Africa	100.00
	Smith & Nephew Pte. Ltd (2)	29 Media Circle, #06-05, Alice@Mediapolis, Singapore, 138565, Singapore	100.00
	Smith & Nephew Pty Ltd (2)	Suite 1.01, Building B, Pinnacle Office Park, 4 Drake Avenue, Macquarie Park, NSW2113, Australia	100.00
	Smith & Nephew S.A de C.V (2)	Av.Insurgentes Sur, No 1602, Colonia Cred, Constr, Delegacion BJ, CP03940, Mexico	100.00
	Smith & Nephew S.A.S (2)	40-52 Boulevard du Parc, 92200 Neuilly Sur Seine, France	100.00
	Smith & Nephew S.A.U (2)	Edificio Conata I, c/ Fructuos Gelabert 2 y 4, San Joan Despi - 08970, Barcelona, Spain	100.00
	Smith & Nephew s.r.l. (2)	Sesto San Giovanni (MI) Viale T. Edison 110 CAP 20099 Italy	100.00
	Smith & Nephew Schweiz AG (2) Smith & Nephew Services SDN. BHD. (2)	Theilerstrasse 1A, 6300, Zug, Switzerland Level 25, Menara Hong Leong, 6 Jalan Damanlela, Kuala Lumpur W.P., 50490 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia	100.00 100.00
	Smith & Nephew sp z.o.o (2) Smith & Nephew Superannuation Scheme Limited (2)	UI Osmanska 12, 02-823 Warszawa, Poland 621 Rosebank Road, Avondale, Auckland, 1026, New Zealand	99.86 100.00
	Smith & Nephew Surgical Holdings Pty Ltd (2)		100.00

18	Subsidiaries and other related under	(Continued)	
	Smith & Nephew Surgical Pty Ltd (2)	Suite 1.01, Building B, Pinnacle Office Park, 4 Drake Avenue, Macquarie Park, NSW2113, Australia	100.00
	Smith & Nephew Suzhou Holdings Limited (2)		100.00
	Smith & Nephew USD Limited (2)	Building 5, Croxley Park, Hatters Lane, Watford, Hertfordshire, WD18 8YE	100.00
	Smith & Nephew USD One Limited (2)	Building 5, Croxley Park, Hatters Lane, Watford, Hertfordshire, WD18 8YE	100.00
	Smith & Nephew, Inc (2)	CT Corporation, 1209 Orange Street, Wilmington, Delaware, 19801, USA	100.00
	Smith & Nephew, Inc. (2)	Edificio Cesar Castillo, Calle Angel Buonomo #361, Hato Rey, 00917, Puerto Rico	100.00
	Smith ve Nephew Medikal Cihaziar Ticaret Limited Sirketi (2)	The state of the s	100.00
	Surgical Frontiers Series I, LLC (2)	160 Greentree Drive, Suite 101, Dover, Kent, DE 19904, USA	33.46
	TEAMfund, LP (2)	Walkers Corporate Limited, Cayman Corporate Centre, 27 Hospital Road, George Town, Grand Cayman, KY1	6.76
	TP Limited (1)	4th Floor 115 George Street, Edinburgh, EH2 4JN	100.00
	Trice Medical, Inc. (2)	251 Little Falls Drive, Wilmington, Count of New Castle, DE 19808, USA	2.80
	Tusker Medical, Inc.	251, Little Falls Drive, Wilmington, County of New Castle DE 19808, USA	100.00
	Ascension Orthopedics, Inc. (2)	Corporation Services Company, Suite 400, 2711, Centreville Road, Wilmington DE, USA	100.00
	Bioventus Inc. (2)	The Corporation Trust Company, C T Center, 1209 Orange Street, Wilmington, Delaware, 19801, USA	28.32
	Integrated Shoulder Collaboration, Inc. (2)	251, Little Falls Drive, Wilmington, County of New Castle DE 19808, USA	100.00
	Smith & Nephew Group Service Limited (2)	Building 5, Croxley Park, Hatters Lane, Watford, Hertfordshire, WD18 8YE	100.00
	Smith & Nephew Robotics GmbH (2) Blue Belt Holdings, Inc. (2)	Konrad-Zuse-Platz 8, 81829, Munich, Germany CT Corporation, 1209 Orange Street, Wilmington, Delaware, 19801, USA	100.00 100.00
	Smith & Nephew (Ireland) Trading Limited (2)	-	100.00
	Smith & Nephew Aktiebolag (2)	Krokslätts Fabriker 39 431 37 Mölndal, Sverige, Sweden	100.00
	Smith & Nephew Asia Pacific Pte. Limited (2)	29 Media Circle, #06-05, Alice@Mediapolis, Singapore, 138565, Singapore	100.00
	Smith & Nephew Chile SpA (2)	Alonso de Cordova 5320 OF 1401 PS14, Las Condes, Rol 751-76, Santiago, Chile	100.00
	Smith & Nephew GBS Private Limited (previously Adler Mediequip Private Limited) (2)	Podium Floor Tower 4, World Trade Center S	100.00
	Engage Uni LLC (2)	251, Little Falls Drive, Wilmington, County of New Castle DE 19808, United States	100.00
	Tenet Medical Engineering Inc (2)	3500-855-2 Street SW, Calgary AB T2P 4J8, Canada	100.00

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

#### 18 Subsidiaries and other related undertakings

(Continued)

- (1) Interest held directly by the Company
- (2) Interest held indirectly by the Company

#### 19 Ultimate Parent Company and Parent Company of a larger Group

The Company is a subsidiary undertaking of Smith & Nephew plc which is the immediate and ultimate parent company and is incorporated in England and Wales. The consolidated financial statements of the Group are available to the public and may be obtained from Building 5, Croxley Park, Hatters Lane, Watford, Hertfordshire, WD18 8YE or online via www.smith-nephew.com.